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1	IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT OF SOUTH CAROLINA
2	CHARLESTON DIVISION
3	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,) 2:12-CR-148
4	Plaintiff) Charleston,) South Carolina
5	VS) September 27, 2012
6	DESHAWN RIVERS,)
7	Defendant)
8	TRANSCRIPT OF GUILTY PLEA HEARING BEFORE THE HONORABLE P. MICHAEL DUFFY,
9	SENIOR UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE
10	APPEARANCES:
11	For the Plaintiff: MR. PETER PHILLIPS Assistant United States Attorney
12	P.O. Box 978 Charleston, SC 29402
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15	For the Defendant: MR. GEORGE BISHOP
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23	Transcriber: Amy C. Diaz, RPR, CRR P.O. Box 835
24	Charleston, SC 29402
25	Proceedings recorded by CourtSmart recording, Transcript produced by computer-aided transcription.

THE COURT: Whenever y'all are ready call the case.

MR. PHILLIPS: This is United States of America vs.

Deshawn Rivers, Criminal Number 2:12-148. We are here for a change of plea. There is no plea agreement, Your Honor, but there is an agreement between the parties. He's pleading to Count 1, and the agreement -- the only agreement that we have is that at sentencing, when he's sentenced on Count 1, that we would dismiss the other counts at that time

THE COURT: Okay. Thank you.

Mr. Bishop, would you ask Mr. Rivers to step up here and be sworn, please?

MR. BISHOP: Your Honor, there is a matter that I want to bring to your attention, and I guess this would be the logical point to do that because you may want to add that to your colloquy, some information about that.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. BISHOP: Mr. Rivers stands before you, he's about to, once you get to that point, plead guilty to Count 1 of the pending Indictment. And it is premature today, and I'm really not looking for an answer, I just want to make you aware that there is a question that exists, and I have talked to Mr. Rivers about it, regarding the potential sentence that could be -- that could affect him under this as a result of his plea. He's got a prior history, and I asked for a preliminary position of the probation office as to their

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position on his status potentially as an armed career offender. And to make a long story short, over a couple-week period of time I got an answer that preliminarily they say that their position might be that he qualifies. I disagree with them strongly, and I think I can convince them, you know, following this plea that that's the case. And if I can't, then obviously that will be before you at some point in time. I've explained all of that to Mr. Rivers. He's aware that this dialogue is taking place, and it will continue to be ongoing, and I wanted to make sure that you understood that, and he knew on the record that that is an issue, and continues to be an issue regardless of what we do here today. I mean, what we do today doesn't add to that issue, it just potentially exposes him to that. And he's aware, and I wanted to make sure that's in the record today. THE COURT: Thank you for calling that to my attention. Mr. Rivers, you understand what Mr. Bishop has just

explained to me?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: Okay. Thank you.

Mr. Phillips?

MR. PHILLIPS: Your Honor, and the only other thing, back to what I talked about with dismissing those other counts, Mr. Bishop and I have discussed this, we just want Mr. Rivers to be aware that those could, if appropriate, could be considered as relevant conduct.

MR. BISHOP: We discussed that.

MR. PHILLIPS: Yeah.

THE COURT: Okay. Mr. Rivers, the bottom line is that whenever you plead guilty I have to be certain that you understand the penalties that you face when you plead guilty. And what we are talking about right now is I may not, and you may not know completely what they are until we get a full Presentence Report and I've had a chance to evaluate it, and both you and your lawyer and the Government's lawyer have had a chance to evaluate it and object to it, if you wish to. That would happen at sentencing; not now.

But what I want you to understand today is what is the worst possible scenario that you could face if you are an armed career criminal, and your lawyer is going to proceed with the hope and understanding that he's going to try to convince the probation office and me that you are not an armed career criminal. But if it turns out that we think you are, the penalty would go way up. And you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: Thank you very much. We'll proceed on that basis.

THE CLERK: Place your left hand on the Bible and

raise your right hand. 1 2 THEREUPON: 3 MR. DESHAWN RIVERS, Called in these proceedings and after having been first duly 4 sworn testifies as follows: 5 6 EXAMINATION 7 BY THE COURT: 8 Q. Mr. Rivers, I understand that you wish to plead quilty to Count 1 of the Indictment; is that correct? 9 10 A. Yes, sir. Q. In order to accept your plea, I have to ask you a number 11 12 of questions. The purpose of the questions is to be sure this is a voluntary plea and a knowing plea. When I say "a 13 knowing plea," I mean that you understand the charge against 14 you and you also understand what the Government would have to 15 16 prove if it went to trial against you. If there is anything 17 you do not understand, I want you to stop and let me know. 18 If you need to confer with Mr. Bishop at any time, I want you 19 to let me know. 20 You understand you have been sworn, so the answers 21 you give to these questions must be truthful or else you will 22 subject yourself to a penalty of perjury? 23 A. Yes, sir. 24 Q. Okay. By pleading quilty, you will give up your right to a trial and so I'll be explaining some of the rights you have 25

at trial so you will understand what it is you are waiving by 1 2 pleading guilty. And if you have any questions about any of 3 that, let me know, as well. How old are you, sir? 4 A. Thirty-four. 5 Q. How far did you go in school? 6 7 A. Um, I graduated. 8 Q. High school? 9 A. Yes, sir. 10 Q. You are able to speak and understand the English language without difficulty? 11 12 A. Yes, sir. Q. You've had no problems at all communicating with your 13 14 attornev? A. No, sir. 15 16 THE COURT: Mr. Bishop, any problem communicating 17 with your client? 18 MR. BISHOP: No, sir. 19 Q. Have you taken any drug or medication or consumed any 20 alcoholic beverages in the past 24 hours? 21 A. No, sir. 22 Q. Have you ever been treated for mental illness or 23 addiction to narcotic drugs? 24 A. No, sir. Q. You understand what's happening here today? 25

1 A. Yes, sir. 2 THE COURT: Does either Government or defense 3 counsel have any question at all about the defendant's competence to plead? 4 No, Your Honor. 5 MR. PHILLIPS: 6 MR. BISHOP: None, Your Honor, from the defendant. 7 THE COURT: It appears to the Court that the 8 defendant is competent to plead to these charges and I so find for the record. 9 10 Q. Have you had enough time to discuss this case with your 11 attorney? A. Yes, sir. 12 1.3 Q. Are you satisfied with his representation? 14 A. Yes, sir. Q. Has he done everything you've asked him to do? 15 16 A. Yes, sir. 17 Q. Has he failed or refused to do anything that you've asked 18 him to do? 19 A. No, sir. 20 Q. You understand under the Constitution and laws of the 21 United States you are entitled to a trial by a jury, and at 22 that trial you would have a right to Mr. Bishop's help in 23 defense of the charges against you? 24 A. Yes, sir.

Q. Do you also understand at a trial you would be presumed

innocent and the Government would have to prove you guilty by
competent evidence and beyond a reasonable doubt and you
would not have to prove that you are innocent?
A. Yes, sir.
Q. Do you also understand during the course of the trial the

- Q. Do you also understand during the course of the trial the witnesses for the Government would have to come to court and testify in your presence, and your lawyer could cross-examine those witnesses, object to evidence offered by the Government and offer evidence on your behalf?
 - A. Yes, sir.
- Q. You understand at a trial you would have a right to testify, if you wished to, but you would also have a right not to testify. And if you chose not to testify, it could not be used against you in any way?
 - A. Yes, sir.
- Q. You understand at a trial you would have a right to issue subpoenas and compel witnesses to come to court and testify in your defense?
- A. Yes, sir.
- Q. Do you understand by pleading guilty you waive your right to a trial, and all the other rights we've just discussed, there will be no trial, I'll enter a judgment of guilty based upon this plea, and you will be sentenced just as though you were found guilty by a jury?
 - A. Yes, sir.

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Q. You understand by pleading quilty you have to waive your right not to incriminate yourself because I'm going to ask you what you did in order to satisfy myself that you are, in fact, guilty and you will have to admit your guilt? A. Yes, sir. Q. You understand that, if you haven't already done this by your past record, you may be giving up valuable civil rights by pleading quilty, such as the right to vote, the right to hold office, the right to serve on a jury and the right to possess a firearm? A. Yes, sir. Q. Having discussed all of those rights with you, do you still wish to plead guilty? A. Yes, sir. Q. Have you received a copy of the Indictment, which is the written charge against you? A. Yes, sir. Q. Have you had a chance to go over that Indictment with your lawyer? A. Yes, sir. Q. I'm going to go over the Indictment to be sure that you understand it. If there is anything you don't understand, let me know. The grand jury charges that on or about Count 1.

September 16, 2010, in the District of South Carolina, the

defendant, Deshawn R. Rivers, having been convicted of a crime punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding one year, knowingly did possess, in and affecting commerce, a firearm and ammunition, that is, a Springfield Armory .40 caliber pistol and .40 caliber ammunition, all of which had been shipped and transported in interstate and foreign commerce.

In violation of Title 18 of the United States Code, Sections 922(q)(1), 924(a)(2) and 924(e).

Now, the Government would have to prove the following things if it went to trial against you: They would have to prove that this happened on or about that date, and they would have to prove that it happened in South Carolina. They would have to prove at that time you had already been convicted of a felony, that is, a crime punishable by more than a year, and at that time you had in your possession this weapon and ammunition, you had it knowingly and intentionally, and that the weapon and ammunition had been transported across state lines.

You understand that?
A. Yes, sir.

THE COURT: The Court finds that the defendant does comprehend and understand the nature of the charges against him and generally what the elements are the Government would have to prove if a trial were held.

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I'm going to ask the U.S. Attorney now to assist me in reading into the record the penalties associated with this, and if you would include the penalties, if you haven't, for what it would be if it found that Mr. Rivers is, in fact, a career criminal versus if he's not. Yes, sir. If he's not, his maximum MR. PHILLIPS: sentence would be a fine of 250,000 and/or imprisonment for 10 years and a term of supervised release of three years, special assessment of \$100. If it's determined that he is an armed career criminal under 18, USC, Section 924(e), he will face a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment for 15 years, maximum sentence of life, fine of \$250,000, and a term of supervised release of five years, and a special assessment of \$100. THE COURT: Thank you. Q. Mr. Rivers, you understand the difference between the two? A. Yes, sir. Q. And you understand both the mandatory minimum and maximums? A. Yes, sir. Q. Okay. Thank you very much. You understand that if the Court thought it was

appropriate, you could be required to forfeit certain

property to the United States Government?

A. Yes, sir. 1 2 Q. You also understand that a Sentencing Commission was 3 formed and that Commission has issued Guidelines for judges to consider in determining what a sentence should be. 4 you had a chance to talk with Mr. Bishop about the Guidelines 5 and how they may apply to your case? 6 7 A. Yes, sir. 8 Q. You understand we won't know the Guidelines for your case until a Presentence Report has been prepared and both you and 9 10 the Government have had a chance to challenge that report? 11 A. Yes, sir. 12 Q. You understand after it has been determined what 1.3 Guidelines do apply, the Judge still has the authority to 14 impose a sentence that is either more severe or less severe than that called for by the Guidelines? 15 16 A. Yes, sir. 17 Q. You understand under some circumstances either you or the 18 Government may be entitled to appeal any sentence that I 19 might impose? 20 A. Yes, sir. 21 Q. Do you understand parole has been abolished, if you are 22 sentenced to prison you will not be released on parole? 23 A. Yes, sir. 24 Q. You understand if the sentence you receive is more severe

than you expected, you will still be bound by this plea; you

will have no right to withdraw it? 1 2 A. Yes, sir. 3 Q. You understand if the Government -- well, the Government has made no recommendation on your behalf, and it does not 4 intend to make any recommendation on your behalf. You 5 6 understand that? 7 A. Yes, sir. 8 Q. You understand the law requires upon your release from 9 incarceration that you will be subject to a term of 10 supervised release, as was just read into the record. 11 when a person is on supervised release, he's restricted as to 12 where he may go, the things he may do, and you must report to the authorities on a regular basis? 13 14 A. Yes, sir. Q. You understand the Court may revoke your term of 15 16 supervised release and require you to serve all or a part of 17 that time in prison without giving you credit for time 18 already spent on supervised release if the Court finds by a 19 preponderance of the evidence that you violated your 20 conditions of supervised release? 21 A. Yes, sir. 22 Q. Has anybody threatened you or forced you in any way to 23 plead quilty? A. No, sir. 24

Q. Has anybody made any promise to you or prediction to you

about what your sentence will be in order to get you to plead 1 2 quilty? 3 A. No, sir. Q. Let me ask you, then, did you, as charged in Count 1 of 4 this Indictment, on or about September 16, 2010 in the 5 District of South Carolina, after having been convicted of a 6 7 crime punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding one 8 year, knowingly possess, in and affecting commerce, a firearm 9 and ammunition, that is a Springfield .40 caliber pistol and 10 .40 caliber ammunition, which had been shipped and transported in interstate and foreign commerce, in violation 11 12 of Title 18 and those Code sections I read to you earlier. Did you do that? 13 14 A. Yes, sir. Q. All right. 15 16 THE COURT: I'm going to ask the U.S. Attorney to 17 summarize for me what evidence the Government would present 18 if it went to trial against you. I would like you to listen 19 and tell me if you disagree with any of it. 20 Mr. Phillips? 21 MR. PHILLIPS: Yes, sir. 22 On September 16, 2010, the North Charleston Police 23 Department was on patrol when they saw Mr. Rivers sitting in 24 a white vehicle. The officer went up to make contact with Mr. Rivers, and he immediately got out of the vehicle, and 25

the officer reported he could smell marijuana, and they had a discourse. And when the officer told him to turn around, that he was under arrest, Mr. Rivers tried to flee. He was eventually apprehended. And during a search of the vehicle, they found the handgun that you mentioned, which was loaded with .40 caliber ammunition at that time, and it was the Springfield Armory .40 caliber handgun.

And I'll mention this, related primarily later in the separate incident, a search warrant was issued, was executed, which is the basis of Count 2, February 9, 2011.

And during that search warrant, and what we would have presented at trial, is based on evidence that was in Mr.

Rivers's bedroom, they found the gun box that matched the same serial number and everything to the Springfield Armory .40 caliber in his -- with his belongings in that room among other things which were the basis of Count 2.

But I just mentioned that that would have been additional evidence we would have presented. He has a prior -- obviously he has prior. He's a prohibited person. He has prior convictions. And that Springfield Armory handgun and ammunition were all manufactured outside of the State of South Carolina.

THE COURT: Thank you. Mr. Rivers, you agree with that summary?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

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THE COURT: Thank you. It's the finding of the Court in the case of the United States of America vs. Deshawn R. Rivers that the defendant is fully competent and capable of entering an informed plea. That his plea of guilty is a knowing and voluntary plea supported by an independent basis in fact containing each of the essential elements of the offense. His plea is therefore accepted and he's now adjudged guilty of that offense. (Thereupon, the document was signed.) THE CLERK: May it please the Court? THE COURT: Yes. THE CLERK: In the case of United States of America vs. Deshawn R. Rivers, Criminal Number 2:12-148, the defendant, Deshawn R. Rivers, having withdrawn his plea of not guilty entered March 27, 2001 pleads guilty to Count 1 of the Indictment after arraignment in open court. Signed by the defendant, Deshawn Rivers, Charleston, South Carolina on September 27th, 2012. THE COURT: Okay. Mr. Rivers, I'll see you at sentencing. Thank you, Mr. Bishop. MR. BISHOP: Thank you, Your Honor. ****

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3	I certify that the foregoing is a correct transcript from the
4	record of proceedings in the above-titled matter.
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10	Amy C. Diaz, RPR, CRR August 12, 2014
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